Richer older adults have higher walking speeds

A person aged 71 with the most wealth has an average walking speed of 0.91 metres per second compared to 0.75 metres per second for someone with the least wealth.

Life expectancy in England for men at age 65

In 2013-2015, the highest life expectancy in England for men at age 65 was in Kensington and Chelsea, in London (21.4 years). The lowest was in Manchester (15.8 years)*

*Source: Office for National Statistics (2016), 'Life expectancy at birth and at age 65 by local areas, UK'
Diabetes and osteoarthritis are more likely to affect poorer people in later life.

Poorer people in later life are four times more likely to have Type 2 diabetes and 15 times more likely to have osteoarthritis.*

Older people living in disadvantaged areas have less access to social and health-care services

People living in the most disadvantaged areas are also much less likely to receive treatment for health conditions than those in the least deprived areas*

Older people in areas of low ‘neighbourliness’ have nearly three fewer social contacts per month.

Only 36% of women aged 65 to 69 years received the full state pension in 2014 with most receiving over 50% but less than 100% of its value.*

Older people with visual impairments are more likely to be living in poor housing conditions.

People who report impaired vision in later life are more likely to experience poor housing conditions and have low incomes.

Older lesbian, gay and bisexual people are more likely to be excluded when it comes to health and social care provision.

Older lesbians and gay men face a great deal of exclusion & marginalisation, which is inherent to many policies and practices.